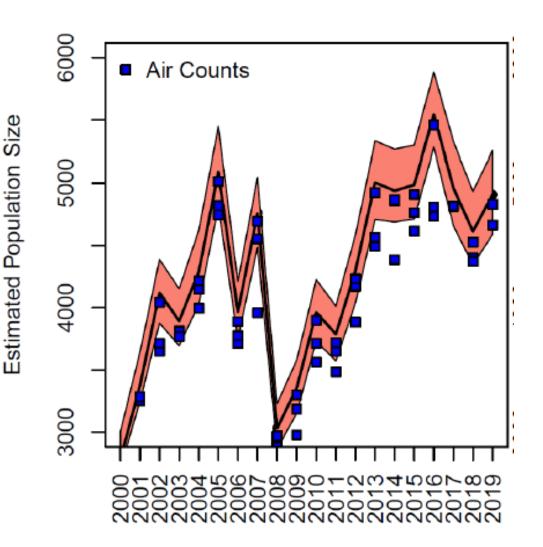
http://ibmp.info/Library/OpsPlans/2019\_StatusYellowstoneBisonPopulation\_Oct2019.pdf

### LAST YEAR

- About 4,600 bison after calving (maximum count 4,527) in 2018
- > 460 bison removed during winter 2018-19
- End-of-winter population near 4,100
- Population Range 2018-19 Operations Year: 4,100 4,600

### **Current Status**

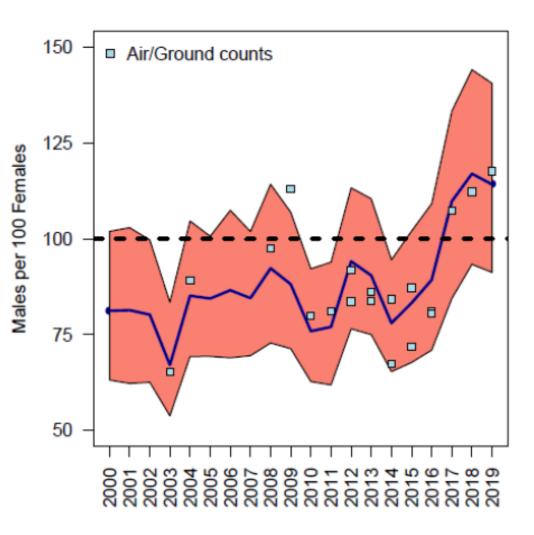
- About 4,900 after calving
  - Maximum Count of 4,829 (June 12, 2019)
  - Increased by about 300 animals since summer 2018
  - Stable population since 2013



### **Current Status**

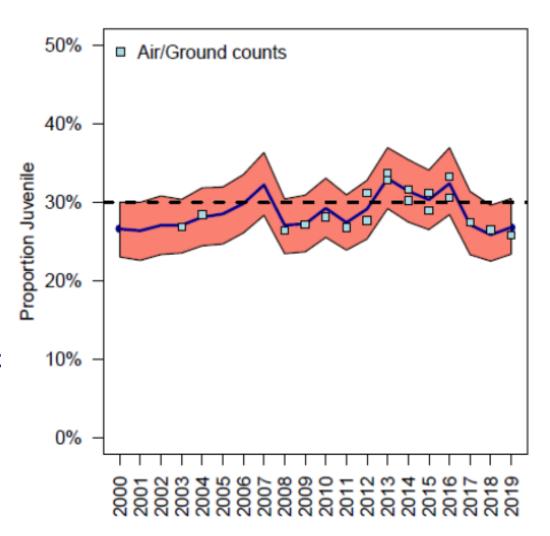
Sex Ratio

- <u>STATUS:</u> 114 males per 100 females (53% male, 47% female)
- <u>TREND:</u> Increasing numbers of males since 2013
- <u>Conservation Goal:</u>
   100 male per 100 female



### **Current Status**

- > Age Structure
  - <u>STATUS:</u> 27% juvenile
     73% adult (2+)
  - <u>TREND</u>: Decreasing number of juveniles
  - <u>Conservation Goal:</u>
    30% juvenile, 70% adult



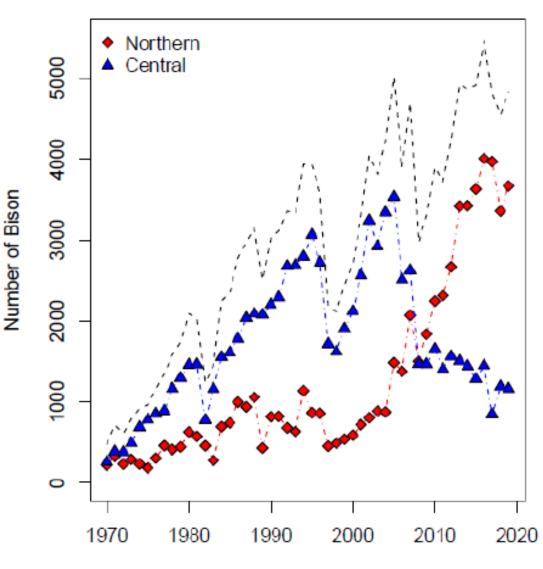
### **Current Status**

### > CENTRAL

- 1,162 max count
- 300-350 adult female
- 64% male, 46% female
- 20% juvenile, 80% adult
- 2 (of 10) radio-collars moved to North
- Counts during winter 2018-19 steady 1,000-1,100

### > NORTHERN

- 3,667 max count
- 51% male, 49% female
- 27% juvenile, 73% adult
- 5 (of 36) radio-collars removed North



## Summary 2018-2019 Operations

### **RECAP Winter Operations 2018-19**

- > Manage for a slightly decreasing bison population
  - Remove 600-900 bison focusing on the northern herd

#### > North Migration was LATER than AVERAGE

- Lasted 3-4 weeks (similar to most winters)
- >200 N. of Mammoth 3/7 4/7 with >400 N. of Mammoth 3/7 3/22
- Limited Conflict (1 MVA, 1 Hazing Event)

#### > West Migration

- Limited Conflict (About 3 hazing events Madison Arm)
- Maximum of about 300 animals in Hebgen Basin

### Summary 2018-2019 Operations

### **RECAP Winter Operations 2018-19**

- Hunter Harvest = 112
  - North (109), West (3)

### Capture/Slaughter (i.e., culling) = 348

- Slaughter (347), Trap mortality (1)

#### Quarantine = 0

- 0 new animals
- 60 bulls transferred to FPT

## Summary 2018-2019 Operations

### **Selectively Removing Females and Calves**

#### Removals since 2013-14 included at least:

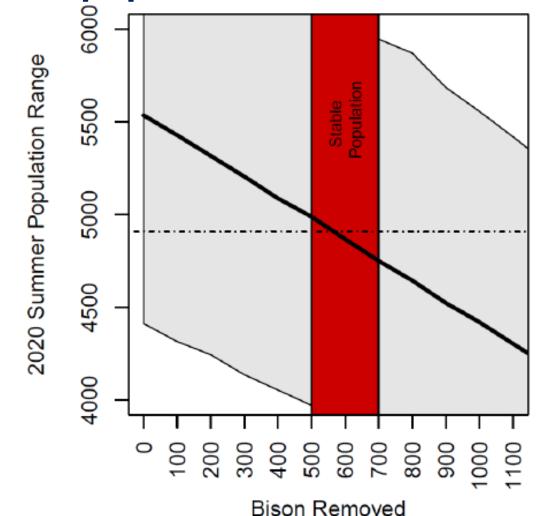
- 1,233 calves (26%)
- 800 adolescents (17%)
- 1,733 adult females (36%)
- 1,005 adult males (21%)

#### Population 2019 approximately

- 735 calves (15%)
- 580 adolescents (12%)
- 1,667 adult females (34%)
- 1,925 adult males (39%)

#### Concern for skewing population older and towards males

# THIS WINTER Remove 600-900 animals to slightly decrease the population



#### **RECOMMENDATION**

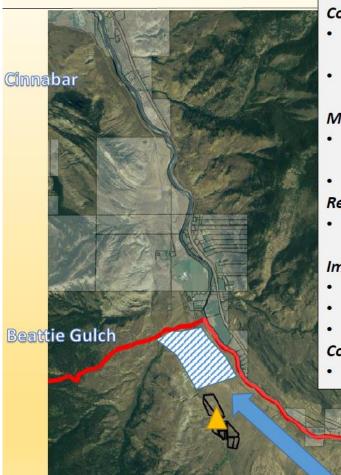
- Remove 600-900 bison (i.e., slightly decreasing population)
  - Focus on Northern Herd
  - Removal age/sex composition resembling current demographics and if possible slightly bias towards males
    - Could include immediately releasing some captured bison back into the Park
  - > Approach 3,800 4,100 bison at end-of-winter

#### > Quarantine intake

 Up to 110, which could include 50 9-10 mo females, 25 21-22 mo females, and 35 21-22 mo males

#### > Balance hunting and culling

#### BALANCING HUNTING AND CULLING → What worked last year



#### Communication

- Daily communication with local wardens to update # trapped, # harvested & plan
- Did not change trapping plans without communicating to wardens on the land the night before

#### Monitoring

- Constant monitoring to ensure bison groups near boundary, out of Park, or actively hunted
- Comprehensive "basin" counts every 1-3 days *Reporting*
- Updated Management Summary to IBMP.info every 7 days

#### Implementation

- Plowed snow to facilitate movements
- Clearly defined constraints for trapping
- Trap small groups 2 to about 40 animals

#### **Conflict Management**

1 hazing event / 1 road kill



#### **BALANCING HUNTING AND CULLING**

#### Capture 400-600 bison through the winter

- Maintain at least 200 bison north of Mammoth
- Capture small groups (could be before they exit Park)
- Minimize conflicts out of the park by capturing more bison as numbers north of Mammoth >600
- Minimize time animals held at Stephens Creek

#### > Monitoring

- Ground counts of basin distribution
- Daily tracking of hunting parties and success

#### Communication

- Inform prior to changing management practices
- Weekly hunt calls
- Daily communication among wardens

#### **BALANCING COMMON GOALS**

